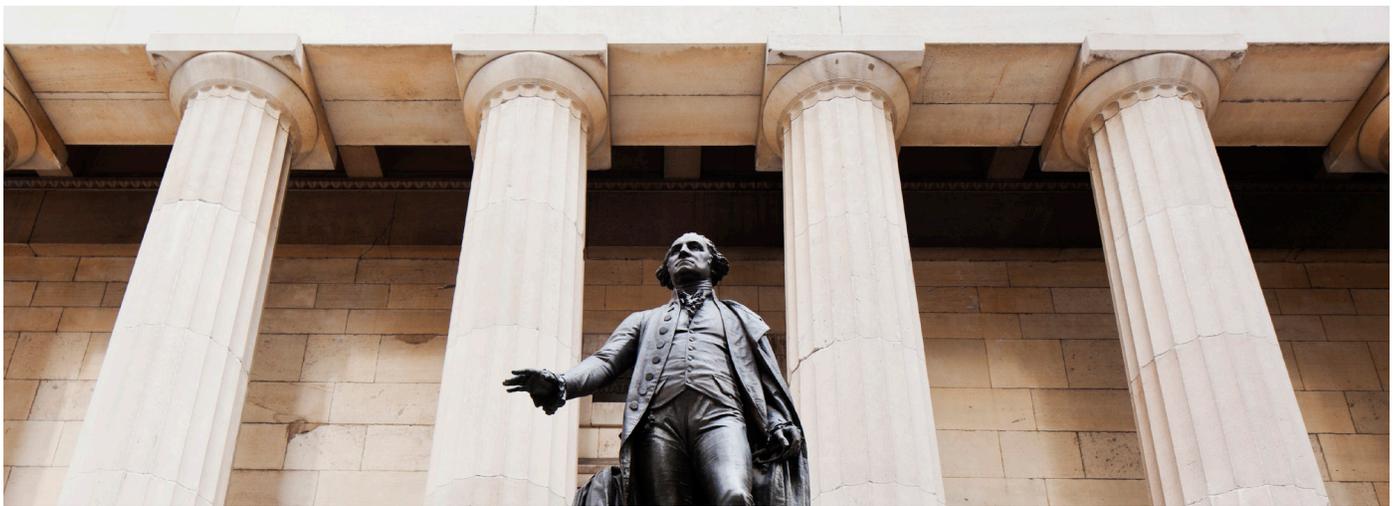


MARKET COMMENTARY

RECESSION OR BOOMING?



The economy is either in recession or booming. This is what the headlines are telling us each week. So, against this muddled stream of seemingly conflicting and contradictory information, we look for signs regarding which way we are headed. Consider the following evidence for the “recession” case and the “boom” case.

Evidence of recession:

- An inverted yield curve,
- Two-quarters of declining gross domestic product, and
- Dismal confidence surveys

Evidence of boom:

- Near half-century low unemployment,
- Sky high property prices and rents,
- Surging corporate profits.

We see the divergence each day in pronouncements by others, too. For example, William Dudley, former New York Federal Reserve President, sees a recession as “virtually inevitable.” Others say recession calls are premature and point to inventory building or technical factors as culprits for worry. Yet, sooner or later, a recession will emerge, or it will not. The market will eventually settle the debate over a 2022 recession. Our job is to observe facts, offer an interpretation of what we see, and prepare accordingly.

THREE STAGES

We have watched the market adjust in real-time this year as the outlook is assessed and reassessed in light of inflation, rising rates, and growth. We saw three distinct market stages from the post-shutdown recovery. These stages unfolded as follows:

- **Stage 1 (Mid 2020 - Late 2021)**
Stimulus and market exuberance drive asset values to records. *Market Thematic: The riskiest investments do well.*
- **Stage 2 (Late 2021 - Mid 2022)**
Stimulus and confidence start to fade, calling into question ultra-high valuations. *Market Thematic: Overpriced investments fall as earlier assumptions are called into question.*

- **Stage 3 (Mid 2022 - ????)**

Worries over inflation, rates, and recession cause a rethink about higher-risk, lower-quality assets. Fear grows that the Federal Reserve’s (Fed’s) aggressive rate hikes will lead to contraction. *Market Thematic: Defensive and high-quality stocks outperform cyclical and low-quality stocks.*

ALL CLEAR?

Now that Friday’s employment report revealed the economy added a whopping 528,000 jobs in July, we might wonder if we are now in the clear. After all, if this is a recession, are we not supposed to be losing instead of adding jobs? All we can say is that the report adds something to the economy’s positive side of the ledger (at least in the short run). We can chalk one up for the “no-recession” camp.

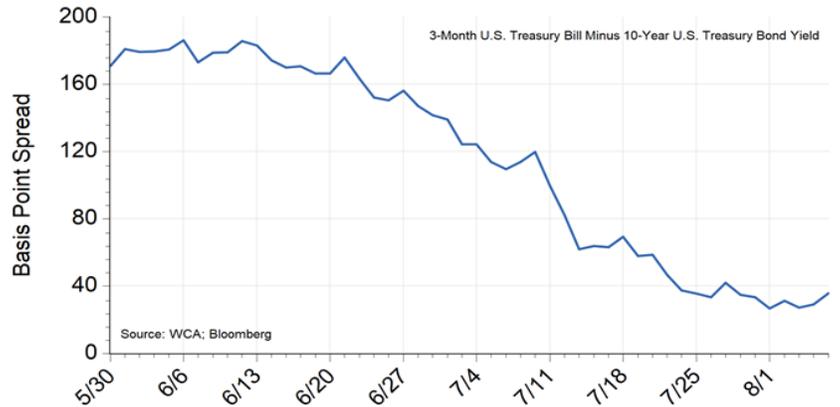
But we can not let down our guard just yet. Stubborn inflation is forcing the Fed to go hard on rate hikes, and it is well understood that such policy changes hit with a lag. Markets now expect the Fed to boost short-term interest rates to the 3.5-4.0% range within a year from 0% a few months ago. This is the elephant in the room that seems to be most spooking investors as markets hate to “fight the Fed.” So we must take cues from markets themselves since they are forward-looking and can “feed back” into the “real economy.” To that end, we offer three graphs for insight.

Graph 1

THE YIELD CURVE

Here, we see the bond market pricing in worry about the growth outlook. Since early summer, long-term bond yields have been falling as short-term yields are pushed up (by policy changes). In the past, a flattening yield curve has been a harbinger of weaker growth and recession (inversions).

U.S. Yield Curve Flattens Throughout Summer Months

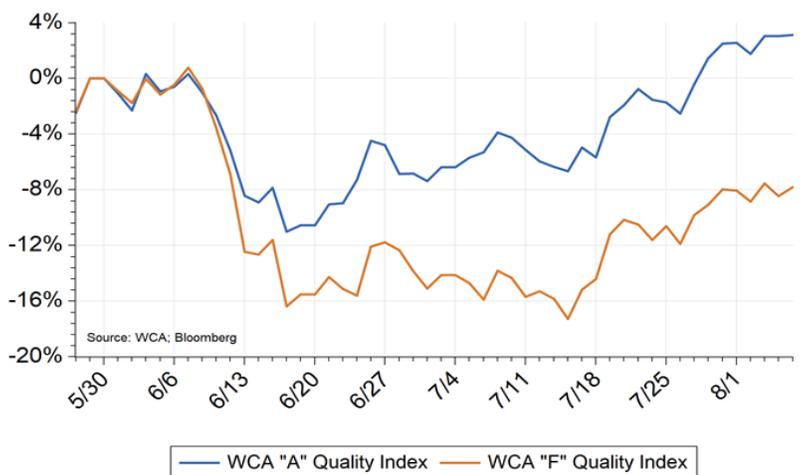


Graph 2

“A” QUALITY VS. “F” QUALITY STOCK PERFORMANCE

This graph shows that higher-quality stocks are now performing better than low-quality stocks. We would expect this, especially if investors were growing nervous about the outlook. We constructed these indices to award higher quality to high and consistent profitability and low debt. Since early summer, investors have favored these factors over lower-quality, inconsistent, or indebted ones. This shift in leadership arose just as “recession” worries took hold.

WCA “A” vs. “F” Quality Stock Performance Based on WCA Quality Indices

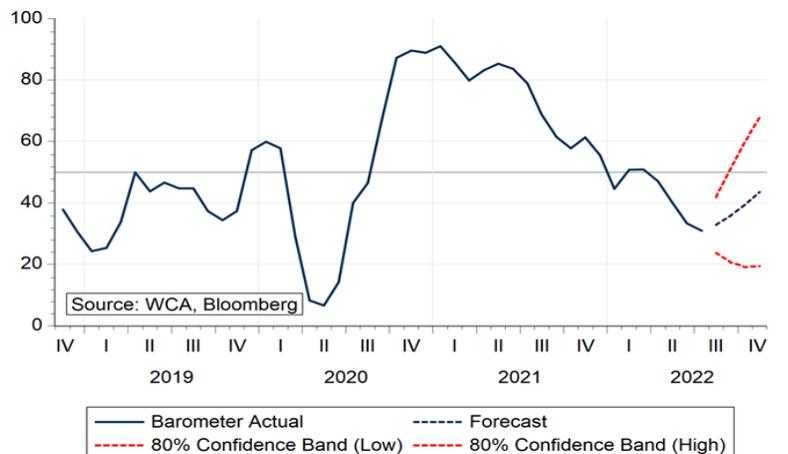


Graph 3

WCA FUNDAMENTAL CONDITIONS BAROMETER

Regular readers know this is our longstanding measure of near-term conditions. While the recent employment report was positive, and markets are behaving a bit better, the forecast path is still below 50, indicating caution. This month’s slight improvement leads us to pare back the degree of equity exposure under-weighting. This tactical adjustment will be updated month-by-month as conditions evolve.

WCA Fundamental Conditions “Barometer”



CONCLUSION



To answer the question of whether we are in a recession or if the economy is booming will take a few more months. For now, we see the situation as a mixed bag and an evolutionary process out of the pandemic. We recommend focusing on quality and flexibility in portfolios as the situation remains fluid and uncertain.

WCA Fundamental Conditions Barometer Description: We regularly assess changes in fundamental conditions to help guide near-term asset allocation decisions. The analysis incorporates approximately 30 forward-looking indicators in categories ranging from Credit and Capital Markets to U.S. Economic Conditions and Foreign Conditions. From each category of data, we create three diffusion-style sub-indices that measure the trends in the underlying data. Sustained improvement that is spread across a wide variety of observations will produce index readings above 50 (potentially favoring stocks), while readings below 50 would indicate potential deterioration (potentially favoring bonds). The WCA Fundamental Conditions Index combines the three underlying categories into a single summary measure. This measure can be thought of as a “barometer” for changes in fundamental conditions.

Standard & Poor’s 500 Index (S&P 500) is a capitalization-weighted index that is generally considered representative of the U.S. large capitalization market. S&P 500 Growth Index and S&P 500 Value Indices are designed to provide a comprehensive measure of global equity growth and value performance. **S&P High Beta Total Return Index** is designed to measure the performance of the constituents of the S&P 500 that are most sensitive to changes in market returns.

S&P Low Beta Total Return Index is designed to measure the performance of the constituents of the S&P 500 that are least sensitive to changes in market returns.

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All investments involve risk, including loss of principal, and there is no guarantee that investment objectives will be met. It is important to review your investment objectives, risk tolerance and liquidity needs before choosing an investment style or manager. Equity investments are subject generally to market, market sector, market liquidity, issuer, and investment style risks, among other factors to varying degrees. Fixed Income investments are subject to market, market liquidity, issuer, investment style, interest rate, credit quality, and call risks, among other factors to varying degrees.

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