

# CORNERSTONE COMMENTARY

## PUTTING DIVIDEND GROWTH TO THE TEST



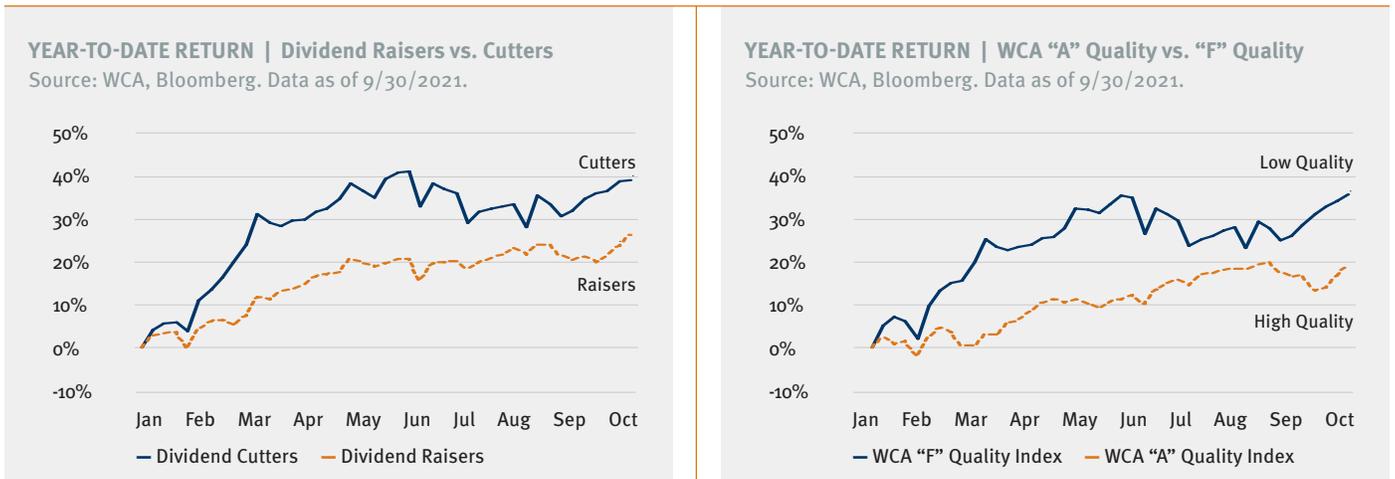
The “Case for Rising Dividends” rests on a crucial proposition: that dividend growth tends to point to quality. In this brief, we wish to put this proposition to the test using evidence from the COVID-19 pandemic. We will rely on two sets of data: portfolios created based on dividend behavior in the aftermath of the pandemic and our WCA Quality “Grades” from the onset of the pandemic. Those “grades” are based on a company’s predictability, indebtedness, and profitability. The question we ask is whether dividend behavior and quality are, indeed, related?

**The Evidence**

Year-to-date, we see stocks of companies that cut dividends last year rising faster than those which increased the dividend (Chart A, below-left). At the same time, we see low-quality company stocks also running ahead of high quality (Chart A, below-right). While quality dividend growers are lagging this year, the key takeaway should be that the right and left graphs below look very similar. This suggests that dividend behavior (left graph) and quality (right graph) are clearly related.

**Chart A. Dividend Behavior (Left) or Quality (Right): Performance is Similar**

*Year-to-Date 2021 through October*



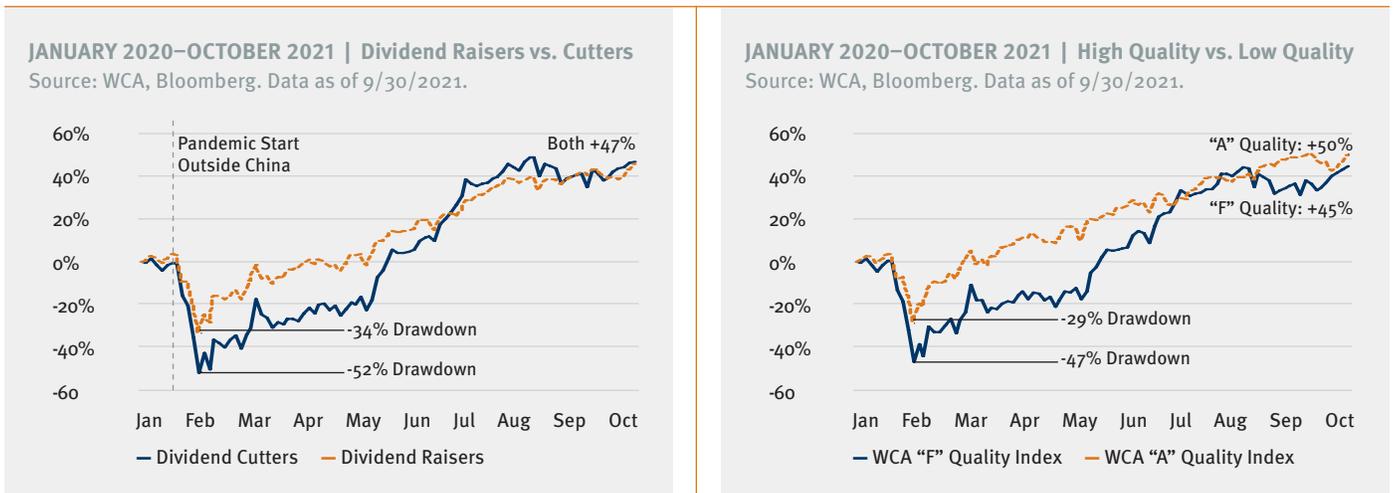
**More Evidence**

We also see a clear relationship over the pandemic period from January 2020 through October 2021 (Chart B, below). As the pandemic set in, nearly all stocks fell. The "A" Quality companies and those who would go on to raise dividends in 2020 fell 29% and 34%, respectively. Yet the "F" Quality companies and dividend cutters fell a massive 47% and 52%, respectively.

Those drops were followed by improvement. Today, the return for all categories of stocks since early 2020 is about 50%. Once again, the critical insight is that the left graph (based on dividend behavior) looks much like the right graph (based on quality). The pandemic era confirms the proposition: that dividend growth tends to point to quality.

**Chart B. Dividend Behavior (Left) or Quality (Right): Performance is Similar**

*January 2020 – October 2021*



**Deeper Dive**

We also looked at the 1,000 largest U.S. companies at the start of 2020 and asked, “Which companies cut or raised dividends during the year?” Our analysis showed 448 increased dividends, 100 cut, and 452 had no change. We then asked what the composition of the growers and cutters looked like based on our WCA Quality “Grade.” Chart C below shows that the growers tended to be of much higher fundamental “quality” than cutters, which tended to be low “quality.” It should be noted that we determined quality before the start of the pandemic to avoid biasing the result. This result further validates the idea that dividend growth tends to point to quality.

**Worth the Risk**

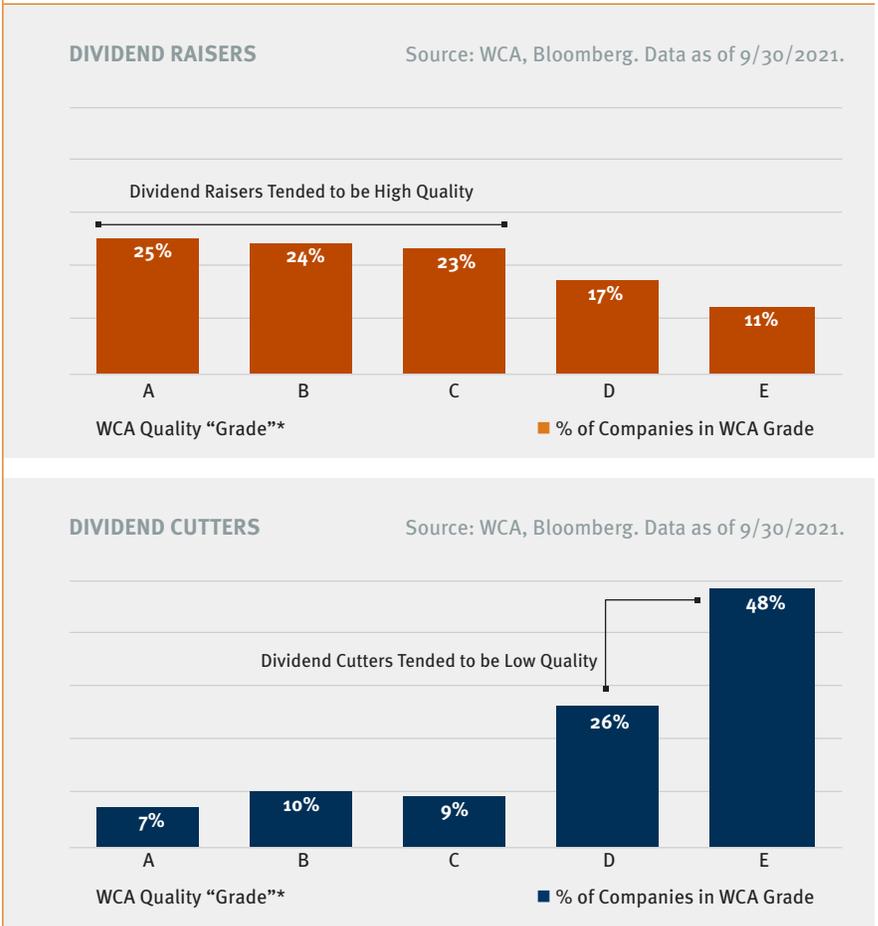
We also see a clear relationship over the pandemic period from January 2020 through October 2021 (Chart B, below). As the pandemic set in, nearly all stocks fell. The “A” Quality companies and those who would go on to raise dividends in 2020 fell 29% and 34%, respectively. Yet the “F” Quality companies and dividend cutters fell a massive 47% and 52%, respectively.

Those drops were followed by improvement. Today, the return for all categories of stocks since early 2020 is about 50%. Once again, the critical insight is that the left graph (based on dividend behavior) looks much like the right graph (based on quality). The pandemic era confirms the proposition: that dividend growth tends to point to quality.

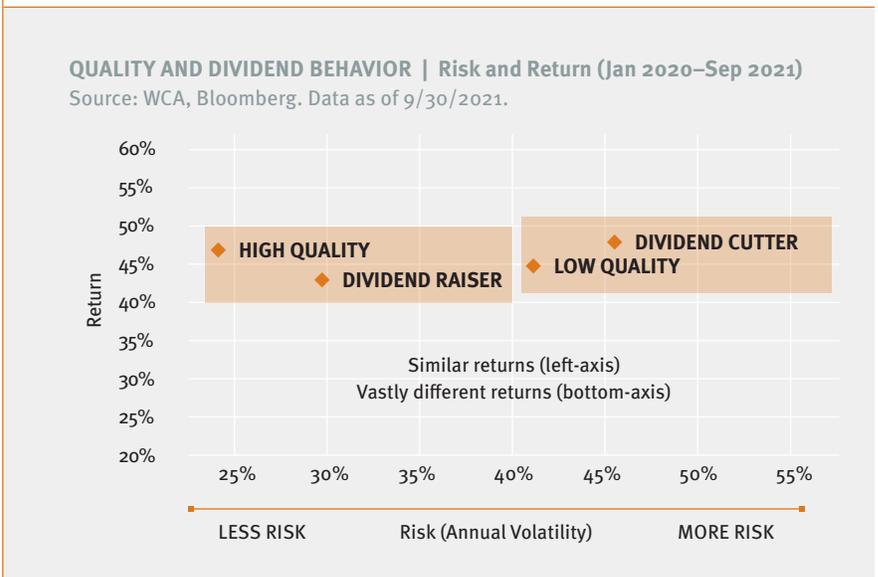
**Conclusion**

The pandemic era allows us to test a crucial proposition: that dividend growth points to quality. The evidence and facts of the past 22 months support this proposition. Combining a longer view of dividend growth and quality with the “stress test” of the pandemic provides robust evidence that a long-term investment strategy focused on fundamental quality is a sound way to build wealth and grow income over time.

**Chart C. Dividend Increases Tend to be High Quality, Low Quality Tend to Cut**



**Chart D. Returns Similar, But Risk is Very Different**



The information contained herein has been prepared from sources believed to be reliable but is not guaranteed by us and is not a complete summary or statement of all available data, nor is it considered an offer to buy or sell any securities referred to herein. Opinions expressed are subject to change without notice and do not take into account the particular investment objectives, financial situation, or needs of individual investors. There is no guarantee that the figures or opinions forecast in this report will be realized or achieved. Employees of Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated or its affiliates may, at times, release written or oral commentary, technical analysis, or trading strategies that differ from the opinions expressed within. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Indices are unmanaged, and you cannot invest directly in an index.

Asset allocation and diversification do not ensure a profit and may not protect against loss. There are special considerations associated with international investing, including the risk of currency fluctuations and political and economic events. Investing in emerging markets may involve greater risk and volatility than investing in more developed countries. Due to their narrow focus, sector-based investments typically exhibit greater volatility. Small-company stocks are typically more volatile and carry additional risks since smaller companies generally are not as well established as larger companies. Property values can fall due to environmental, economic, or other reasons, and changes in interest rates can negatively impact the performance of real estate companies. When investing in bonds, it is important to note that as interest rates rise, bond prices will fall. High-yield bonds have greater credit risk than higher-quality bonds. The risk of loss in trading commodities and futures can be substantial. You should therefore carefully consider whether such trading is suitable for you in light of your financial condition. The high degree of leverage that is often obtainable in commodity trading can work against you as well as for you. The use of leverage can lead to large losses as well as gains. Changes in market conditions or a company's financial condition may impact a company's ability to continue to pay dividends, and companies may also choose to discontinue dividend payments.

All investments involve risk, including loss of principal, and there is no guarantee that investment objectives will be met. It is important to review your investment objectives, risk tolerance, and liquidity needs before choosing an investment style or manager. Equity investments are subject generally to market, market sector, market liquidity, issuer, and investment style risks, among other factors to varying degrees. Fixed Income investments are subject to market, market liquidity, issuer, investment style, interest rate, credit quality, and call risks, among other factors to varying degrees.

This commentary often expresses opinions about the direction of market, investment sector, and other trends. The opinions should not be considered predictions of future results. The information contained in this report is based on sources believed to be reliable, but is not guaranteed and not necessarily complete.

The securities discussed in this material were selected due to recent changes in the strategies. This selection criterion is not based on any measurement of performance of the underlying security.

Washington Crossing Advisors, LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary and affiliated SEC Registered Investment Adviser of Stifel Financial Corp (NYSE: SF). Registration with the SEC implies no level of sophistication in investment management.

*\* Note: Universe of companies based on the 1,000 largest U.S. companies at the start of 2019. There were 448 Dividend Raisers and 100 Dividend Cutters during 2020. The WCA Quality "Grade" assesses fundamental quality based on our proprietary model focused on earnings consistency, profitability, and degree of leverage. The grades were assigned as of 12/31/2019 to avoid look-ahead bias.*

#### FOR MORE INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT US:

##### Washington Crossing Advisors

- Kevin R. Caron, CFA, Senior Portfolio Manager | (973) 549-4051
- Chad Morganlander, Senior Portfolio Manager | (973) 549-4052
- Matthew Battipaglia, Portfolio Manager | (973) 549-4047
- Steve Lerit, CFA, Client Portfolio Manager | (973) 549-4028
- Suzanne Ashley, Internal Relationship Manager | (973) 549-4168

##### Sales and Marketing

- Eric Needham, External Sales and Marketing | (312) 771-6010
- Jeffrey Battipaglia, External Wholesaler | (973) 549-4031

##### Municipal Fixed Income

- Paul B. Clark, CFA, Senior Portfolio Manager | (415) 364-2635
- Richard K. Marrone, Senior Portfolio Manager | (415) 364-2917
- Daniel W. Urbanowicz, Senior Portfolio Manager | (973) 549-4335

**About Washington Crossing Advisors** | Washington Crossing Advisors a wholly owned subsidiary of Stifel Financial Corp. (NYSE-SF). The WCA team has been helping individual and institutional investors build wealth for over 25 years. [www.washingtoncrossingadvisors.com](http://www.washingtoncrossingadvisors.com)