INVESTING

IN TIMES OF UNCERTAINTY



WASHINGTON CROSSING ADVISORS

1987: Black Monday

1990: Iraq Invades Kuwait

1991: Japan Asset Bubble Bursts

1992: Pound Sterling Crashes

1994: Treasury Bond Losses

1997: Asian Financial Crisis

1998: Russia Debt Default

2000: Dot-Com Bubble Bursts

2001: 9/11 Terrorist Attacks

2002: Accounting Scandals

2007: U.S. Housing Bubble Bursts

2008: Financial Crisis

2010: European Sovereign Debt Crisis

2010: "Flash" Crash

2011: U.S. Sovereign Debt Downgrade

2015: China Market Crash

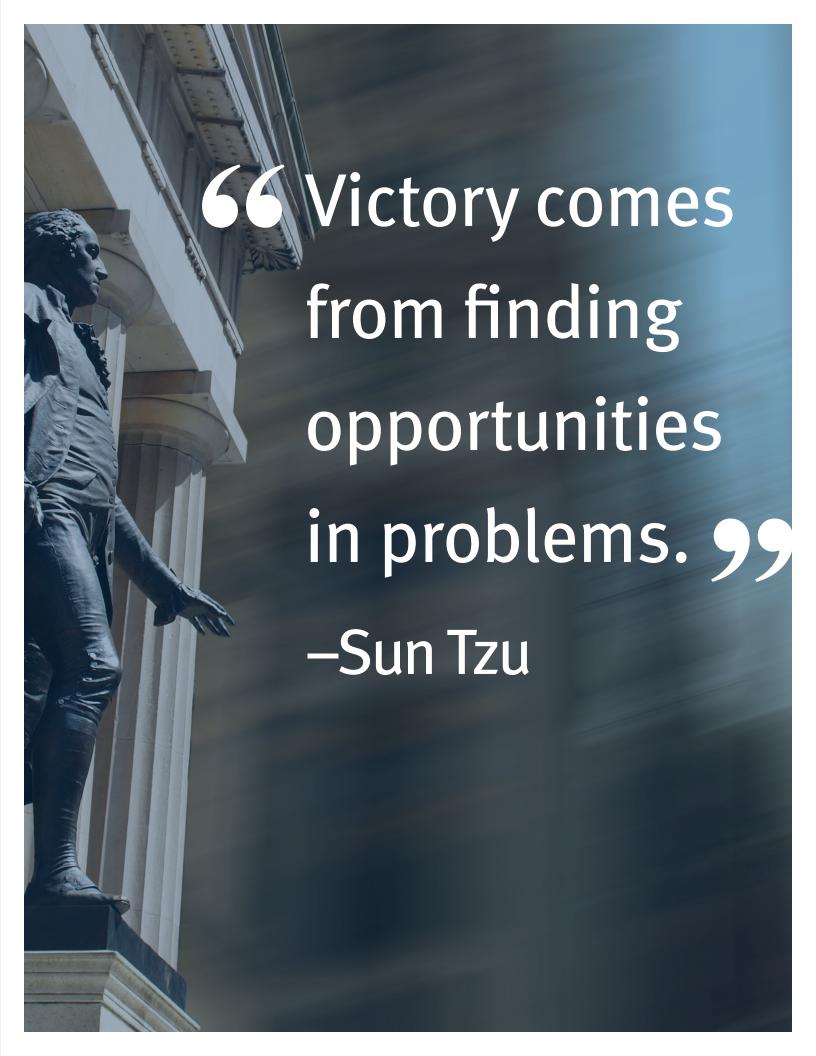
2018: Global Growth Worries

2020: Coronavirus Pandemic

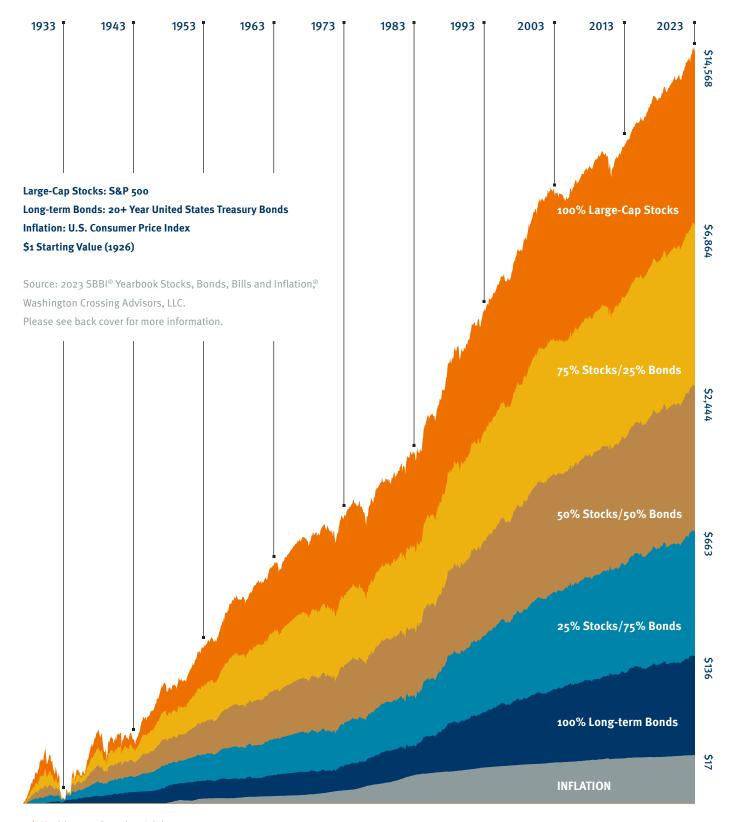
2022: Russia Invades Ukraine

2023: Regional Banking Crisis

2023: Middle East Conflict



Why Invest?



| Building and preserving wealth over time means |
|---|
| beating inflation. Time in the market and compounding |
| is a powerful combination. A balanced approach can |
| be an effective strategy for staying invested during |
| rough markets. |
| |

Avoid Costly Emotions

Dalbar Quantitative Analysis 2022 Study.

Growth of \$100,000 hypothetical starting investment for 20 years (2002-2022).



Fixed Income Investor Equity Investor

Source: Dalbar, Inc. This study was conducted by an independent third party, Dalbar, Inc. A research firm specializing in financial services, Dalbar is not associated with Washington Crossing Advisors, LLC. The information herein is believed to be reliable, but accuracy and completeness cannot be guaranteed. It is for informational purposes only and is not a solicitation to buy or sell securities. The equity market is represented by the Standard & Poor's 500, an unmanaged index of common stock. The fixed income market is represented by the Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index. Past performance is not a guarantee of future returns.

Emotions can be costly. Investors

who hold on to their investments

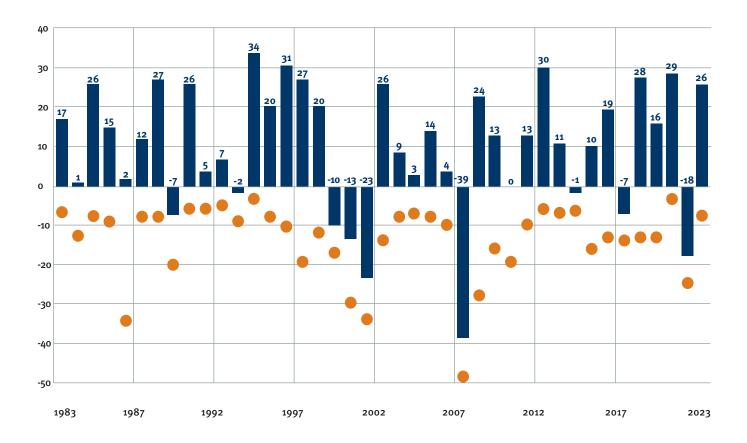
tend to be more successful than those

who move in and out of the market.

Expect Market Declines

S&P 500 Yearly Price Declines and Full-Year Change (%)

■ Annual market returns ● Largest market decline for calendar year



Source: Bloomberg, Washington Crossing Advisors, LLC. For illustrative purposes only. Actual results may vary. Indices are unmanaged, do not reflect fees and expenses, and are not available for direct investment. Assumes reinvestment of gains and dividends. Past performance is not a guarantee of future returns.

Periodic market declines are a

normal part of investing but can

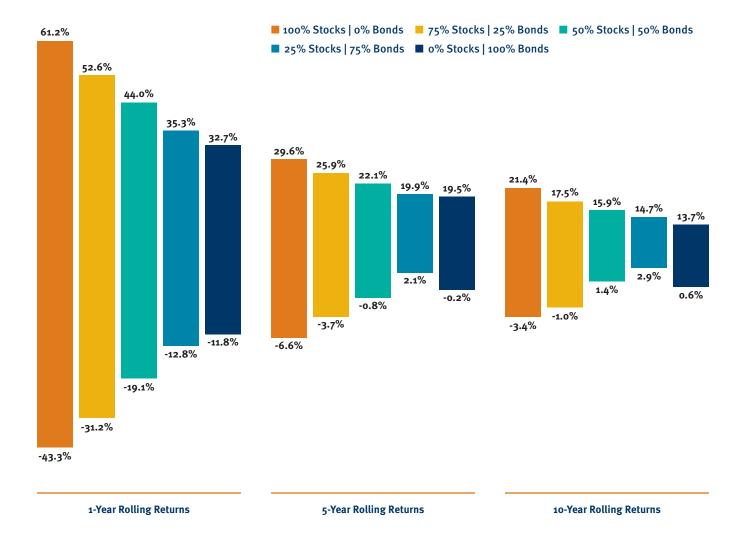
seem frightening when they do

happen. During those times, it is

easy to become shortsighted, which

can lead to bad decision making.

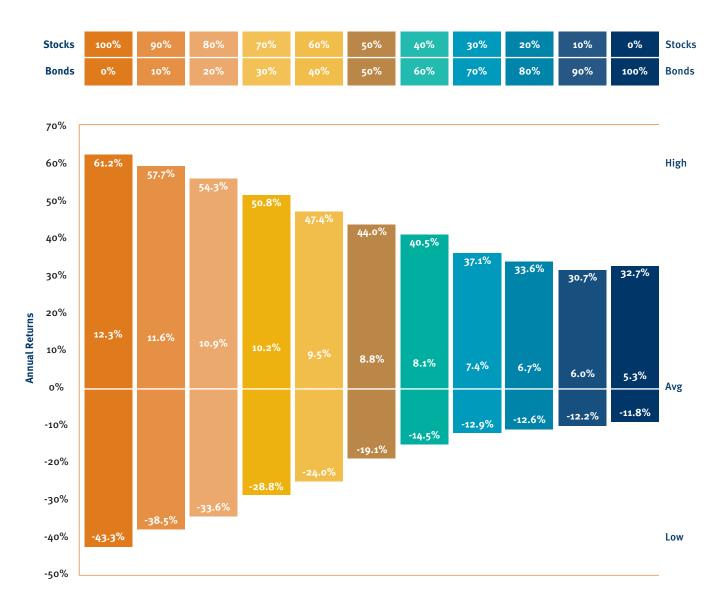
Volatility Fades with Time



Source: Washington Crossing Advisors, LLC, Bloomberg, Duff & Phelps, Standard & Poor's. All Stock, Balanced, and All Bond Portfolio Returns (1946-2023). Stocks represented by S&P 500 total return. Bond returns are intermediate U.S. Treasury bond total returns. Returns represent various blends of stock and bond total returns, rebalanced monthly. For illustrative purposes only. Actual results may vary. Indices are unmanaged, do not reflect fees and expenses, and are not available for direct investment. Assumes reinvestment of gains and dividends. Past performance is not a guarantee of future returns.

History has shown that volatility
tends to fade over time. Moreover,
one of the best ways to adjust
portfolio volatility is by choosing
a mix of assets that suits you.

The Right Mix



Example Returns by Asset Mix (1946-2023). Source: Bloomberg, Washington Crossing Advisors, LLC. For illustrative purposes only. Actual results may vary. Indices are unmanaged, do not reflect fees and expenses, and are not available for direct investment. Assumes reinvestment of gains and dividends. Past performance is not a guarantee of future returns.

Inflation: Consumer Price Index (CPI) 3.5%. Bonds: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Intermediate Treasury Total Return Index. Stocks: S&P 500.

There is a trade-off between year-

to-year swings in portfolios and long-

PICKING THE RIGHT MIX OF ASSETS
CAN GO A LONG WAY TOWARD THE
GOAL OF MAXIMIZING LONG-RUN
RETURN WITHOUT TAKING ON

EXCESSIVE SHORT-TERM RISK.

run return. This chart shows how

stock-heavy portfolios tend to have

higher returns over time, but with

greater swings from year-to-year than

bond-heavy portfolios. Bond-heavy

portfolios tend to have lower, but

more consistent returns than stock-

heavy returns.

Asset Allocation

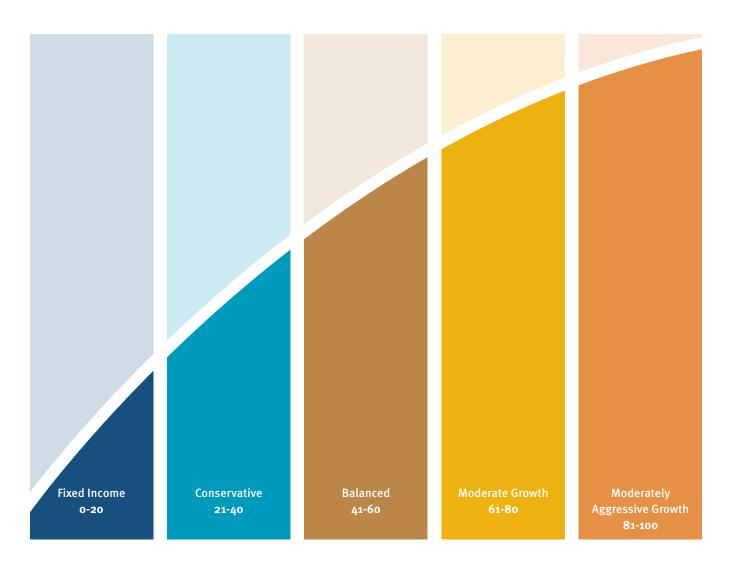
| 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| REITs 27.8% | U.S. Equity 2.1% | High Yield 14.2% | EM Equity 31.1% | Cash 1.4% | U.S. Equity 31.5% | Gold 24.8% | REITs 38.9% | Gold -o.3% | U.S. Equity 26.3% |
| U.S. Equity 16.0% | REITs 1.1% | U.S. Equity 11.8% | DM Equity 27.2% | Fixed Income -0.2% | REITs 28.2% | U.S. Equity U.S. Eq 18.4% 28.7 | | Cash -3.8% | DM Equity 18.3% |
| Asset Alloc 6.8% | Fixed Income 1.0% | EM Equity 9.3% | U.S. Equity 21.8% | Gold -2.1% | DM Equity 22.3% | EM Equity 17.0% | DM Equity 11.9% | High Yield -10.7% | REITs 13.9% |
| Fixed Income 5.5% | Cash o.6% | Gold 7.6% | Gold 12.7% | High Yield -2.1% | EM Equity 18.2% | Asset Alloc 10.3% | Asset Alloc 8.3% | Fixed Income -13.0% | Gold 13.1% |
| EM Equity 2.4% | Asset Alloc -0.3% | REITs 7.1% | Asset Alloc 12.7% | Asset Alloc -4.4% | Gold 17.9% | DM Equity 9.7% | High Yield 4.5% | Asset Alloc -14.4% | High Yield 12.9% |
| High Yield 1.8% | DM Equity -2.5% | Asset Alloc 5.1% | REITs 10.8% | REITs -4.6% | Asset Alloc 16.7% | Fixed Income 7.5% | EM Equity | DM Equity -15.3% | Asset Alloc 12.7% |
| Cash o.6% | High Yield -4.2% | DM Equity 2.5% | High Yield 6.3% | U.S. Equity -5.4% | High Yield 14.1% | High Yield 4.7% | Cash -o.6% | EM Equity -17.3% | EM Equity 9.9% |
| DM Equity -1.2% | Gold -10.8% | Fixed Income 2.0% | Fixed Income 3.8% | EM Equity -14.6% | Fixed Income 8.5% | Cash 3.2% | Fixed Income -1.5% | U.S. Equity -18.1% | Fixed Income 5.5% |
| Gold -1.9% | EM Equity -12.9% | Cash o.7% | Cash o.5% | DM Equity -14.9% | Cash 3.4% | REITs -5.3% | Gold -3.5% | REITs -25.9% | Cash 4.2% |

Source: Bloomberg, Washington Crossing Advisors, LLC. Past performance is not a guarantee of future returns. Cash: ICE U.S. Treasury 1-3 Year Bond Index; Fixed Income: Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index; High Yield: Markit iBoxx USD Liquid High Yield Index; U.S. Equity: S&P 500; DM Equity: FTSE Developed All Cap ex U.S. Index; EM Equity: FTSE Emerging Markets All Cap China A Inclusion Index; REITs: Dow Jones Select U.S. Real Estate Index; Gold: Gold Spot Price; Asset Alloc: Assumed Asset Allocation Weights: 1% Cash, 20% U.S. Stocks, 17% Foreign Developed Stocks, 3% Emerging Stocks, 50% Diversified Fixed Income, 3% REITs, 3% Gold, 3% High Yield. Assumes annual rebalancing, which may have tax consequences. You cannot invest directly in an index. Assumes reinvestment of gains and dividends. For illustrative purposes only. The above chart is not reflective of a Washington Crossing Advisors asset allocation portfolio. Actual results may vary.

Chasing the latest fad can be costly. One year's "hot performer" can easily become next year's laggard. A diversified portfolio across multiple asset classes has tended to deliver a more consistent result over time, which can help you stay the course. While diversification does not ensure a profit and may not protect against loss, it can play a key role in establishing a sound investment strategy and reducing risk.

The Right Portfolio

BONDS > LESS RISK STOCKS > MORE RISK



All investments involve risk, including loss of principal, and there is no guarantee that investment objectives will be met. It is important to review your investment objectives, risk tolerance and liquidity needs before choosing an investment style or manager. Equity investments are subject generally to market, market sector, market liquidity, issuer, and investment style risks, among other factors to varying degrees. Fixed Income investments are subject to market, market liquidity, issuer, investment style, interest rate, credit quality, and call risks, among other factors to varying degrees. The results provided are based on generally accepted investment principles. There is no guarantee, however, that any particular results will meet your investment objectives. All investments involve risks, and fluctuations in the financial markets and other factors may cause declines in the value of your account. You should carefully consider all of your options before investing and consult with your financial adviser. The Investor Questionnaire is provided to you free of charge. It does not provide comprehensive investment or financial advice. Washington Crossing Advisors is not responsible for reviewing your financial situation or updating the suggestions contained herein. Washington Crossing Advisors, LLC ("WCA") is a wholly owned subsidiary and SEC registered investment adviser of Stifel Financial Corp. Registration with the SEC does not imply a certain level of skill or training. Please see pages 17 and 18 for more information.

RISK ASSESSMENT QUESTIONNAIRE

Review each question and check the square next to the answer that is most applicable to you. After you complete the form, add up the numbers next to each answer for your risk assessment score. This score can assist in determining which investment portfolio may be right for you. Match your score with the corresponding column in the graph on page 14.

| 1. | To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following? | 6. | What approximate loss in any one-year period would you |
|----|---|-----|--|
| | Maximizing returns is more important than protecting my investment. | | be willing to accept before deciding to liquidate your investment? |
| | Strongly Agree (10) | | (25%) or greater loss (10) |
| | Agree (7.5) | | (15%) to (25%) loss (7.5) |
| | Neutral (5) | | (10%) to (15%) loss (5) |
| | ☐ Disagree (2.5) ☐ Strongly Disagree (o) | | (5%) to (10%) loss (2.5) Minimal loss (0) |
| | Strongly bisagree (o) | | |
| 2. | To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following? | 7. | To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following? |
| | I do not foresee any major expenses that would require | | I have had prior experience with and understand the |
| | significant principal withdrawals from this investment | | investment risk related to stocks, bonds, mutual funds, |
| | account in the next 5 years. | | and other investments. |
| | Strongly Agree (10) | | Strongly Agree (10) |
| | Agree (7.5) | | Agree (7.5) |
| | Neutral (5) | | Neutral (5) |
| | Disagree (2.5) | | Disagree (2.5) |
| | Strongly Disagree (o) | | Strongly Disagree (o) |
| 3. | What percentage of your total investable net worth (exclud- | 8. | To what extent to you agree or disagree with the following? |
| | ing primary residence) does this portfolio represent? | | My income is adequate and stable and my debt level is low. |
| | Less than 20% (10) | | Strongly Agree (10) |
| | 20% to 40% (7.5) | | Agree (7.5) |
| | 40% to 60% (5) | | Neutral (5) |
| | 60% to 80% (2.5) | | Disagree (2.5) |
| | 80% to 100% (o) | | Strongly Disagree (o) |
| 4. | On a long-term basis, what average annual rate of return | 9. | What do you believe is an adequate time frame for evalu- |
| | best reflects your objective for "total return" on your | | ating portfolio returns? |
| | portfolio? | | More than 10 years (10) |
| | More than 10% per year (10) | | 5 to 10 years (7.5) |
| | 8% to 10% per year (7.5) | | 3 to 5 years (5) |
| | 6% to 8% per year (5) | | 1 to 3 years (2.5) |
| | 4% to 6% per year (2.5) | | Less than 1 year (o) |
| | Less than 4% per year (o) | 10 | To what extent to you agree or disagree with the following? |
| 5. | When do you expect this investment account to provide a | 10. | I am willing to wait several years to recover from losses I |
| ٠, | regular source of income? | | incur in an extended down market. |
| | Greater than 20 years (10) | | Strongly Agree (10) |
| | 10 to 20 years (7.5) | | Agree (7.5) |
| | 5 to 10 years (5) | | Neutral (5) |
| | 3 to 5 years (2.5) | | Disagree (2.5) |
| | 3 years or less (o) | | Strongly Disagree (o) |
| | | | |

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5&P 500 Index: The Standard & Poor's 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index that is generally considered representative of the U.S. large capitalization market.

Bloomberg Barclays 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index: The Bloomberg Barclays 1-3 Month U.S. Treasury Bill Index measures the performance of Treasury securities and is selected by a Market Value process.

Consumer Price Index: The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of the average change over time in the prices paid by urban consumers for a market basket of consumer goods and services.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Government 1-5 Year Bond Index: The Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Government 1-5 Year Bond Index consists of short-term U.S. government bonds with maturities of one to five years.

ICE U.S. Treasury 1-3 Year Bond Index: The ICE U.S. Treasury 1-3 Year Bond Index is part of a series of indices intended to assess the U.S. Treasury market. The Index is market value weighted and is designed to measure the performance of U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-rate securities with minimum term to maturity greater than one year and less than three years.

Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index: The Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is a broad-based flagship benchmark that measures the investment-grade, U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market. The index includes Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, MBS (agency fixed-rate and hybrid ARM pass-throughs), and ABS and CMBS (agency and nonagency).

The Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Intermediate Treasury Total Return Index: The Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Intermediate Treasury Total Return Index measures U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-rate, nominal debt issued by the U.S. Treasury with maturities of 1 to 9.9999 years to maturity.

Markit iBoxx USD Liquid High Yield Index: The Markit iBoxx USD Liquid High Yield Index consists of liquid USD high yield bonds, selected to provide a balanced representation of the broad USD high yield corporate bond universe

FTSE Developed All Cap Ex U.S. Index: The FTSE Developed All Cap Ex U.S. Index is a market-capitalization weighted index representing the performance of large, mid and small cap companies in developed markets, excluding the USA.

FTSE Emerging Markets All Cap China A Inclusion Index: The FTSE Emerging Markets All Cap China A Inclusion Index Is a market-capitalization weighted index representing the performance of large, mid and small cap stocks in emerging markets.

Dow Jones U.S. Select REIT Index: The Dow Jones U.S. Select REIT Index tracks the performance of publicly traded REITs and REIT-like securities and is designed to serve as a proxy for direct real estate investment, in part by excluding companies whose performance may be driven by factors other than the value of real estate.

All performance calculations of indices are calculated on a total return basis (reflecting reinvestment of dividends and other earnings). Indices are unmanaged, are not available for direct investment, and have no associated management fees.

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Asset allocation and diversification do not ensure a profit and may not protect against loss. There are special considerations associated with international investing, including the risk of currency fluctuations and political and economic events. Investing in emerging markets may involve greater risk and volatility than investing in more developed countries. Due to their narrow focus, sector-based investments typically exhibit greater volatility. Small company stocks are typically more volatile and carry additional risks, since smaller companies generally are not as well established as larger companies. Property values can fall due to environmental, economic, or other reasons, and changes in interest rates can negatively impact the performance of real estate companies. When investing in bonds, it is important to note that as interest rates rise, bond prices will fall. High-yield bonds have greater credit risk than higher-quality bonds. The risk of loss in trading commodities and futures can be substantial. You should therefore carefully consider whether such trading is suitable for you in light of your financial condition. The high degree of leverage that is often obtainable in commodity trading can work against you as well as for you. The use of leverage can lead to large losses as well as gains.

All investments involve risk, including loss of principal, and there is no guarantee that investment objectives will be met. It is important to review your investment objectives, risk tolerance and liquidity needs before choosing an investment style or manager. Equity investments are subject generally to market, market sector, market liquidity, issuer, and investment style risks, among other factors to varying degrees. Fixed Income investments are subject to market, market liquidity, issuer, investment style, interest rate, credit quality, and call risks, among other factors to varying degrees. Changes in market conditions or a company's financial condition may impact a company's ability to continue to pay dividends. Companies may also choose to discontinue dividends.

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